

HCAI PPS Data Capture System User Guide

Case Capture HCAI PPS Ward & HCAI PPS Patient

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Document History

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HCAI PPS Data Capture

There are two levels of data capture on the HCAI PPS DCS:

- 1. HCAI PPS Ward Data Entry
- 2. HCAI PPS Patient Data Entry

HCAI PPS Ward Data Capture

HCAI PPS Ward Data Capture allows users to record fields such as ward type, number of patient-days per year in the ward, number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year, and the number of beds and rooms on the ward.

There are two mains ways of accessing the ward data capture form:

- 1. Via the 'Case Capture' link (Figure 1a).
- · Click 'Case Capture' on the Menu Toolbar on the left-hand side of your screen
- Click 'Enter a case' from the options below
- Under data collection select 'HCAI PPS Ward'

Figure 1a: Dashboard view to add a new event

lenu Toolbar	Benchmarking	Data Quality
Search		
Case Capture		
Enter a case	New Infection E	pisode
Data Upload Wizard		
	Data CollectionSe	elect
	Se	elect
	HC	AI PPS Patient
	HC	ALDDS Word

2. Via Search Infection Episode tab (Figure 1b)

- Click 'Search' in the menu toolbar
- Under condition select 'HCAI Point Prevalence Survey'. Select Data collection type from the 'Data Collection' parameter drop-down as 'HCAI PPS Ward'
- Click 'New Infection Episode' on the bottom right of the screen

Figure 1b: Accessing 'New Infection Episode' form via 'Search' tab



The selection will redirect you to the first section of the ward case capture screen (Figure 2 Figure 2: Episode Details section

).

Figure 2: Episode Details section



Case capture for a ward consists of the following sections:

- 1. Ward Details 1
- 2. Ward Details 2

Both sections must be completed fully and saved in order to generate ID number.

Fields marked with a red hash # - denote a mandatory for sign-off field. It will not be possible to sign off periods including records with data missing for mandatory sign-off fields until these have been completed. Please see these fields as mandatory; however, sometimes the data for these fields becomes available at a later date - the functionality of 'mandatory for sign-off gives users a buffer of time to update these at a later point (but no later than the sign-off deadline).

Fields marked with a red asterisk * - denote mandatory for saving and will not allow the user to save or continue to the next tab unless these sections are complete (with plausible data that is within the range of accepted values).

Some fields have both symbols (# and *), which means they are both mandatory to save the record and for sign-off.

Section 1: Ward Details 1

This section includes key organisation survey and date details. The whole of this section must be completed prior to the record being saved (Figure 3). See Section 2 below for further ward details.

Figure 3: Full screen of 'Episode Details'

Ward Details		
Data Collection HCAI PPS Ward ID	Created Date	Print
Ward Details 1 Ward Details 2		
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk (*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash (#)		
Organisation Details *#		
Reporting Ward	*#Select	•
Date PPS was carried out in this ward	•	
Cancel		Next

Organisation Details

The information completed in this section (Figure 4) captures vital ward and survey information for epidemiological analyses.

Figure 4: Organisation Details fields

Ward Details 1 Ward Details 2		
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk (*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash (#)		
☐ Organisation Details *#		
Reporting Ward	*#Select	•
Date PPS was carried out in this ward	•	
Cancel		Next

<u>Reporting ward</u> - your ward will be pre-selected if you are only registered for one ward. If you are registered for multiple wards, use the drop-down box to select the correct ward (<u>Figure 5</u>).

Figure 5: Reporting ward field

-	Organisation Details *#			
C	Reporting Ward	18	ANDOVER WAR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL - Countess of Brecknock	۳
	Date PPS was carried out in this ward	1	Ward A Ward B	
Ca	ncel			Next

<u>Date PPS was carried out in this ward</u> - please enter the date survey commenced in the ward (<u>Figure 6</u> – <u>Figure 8</u>). You can either write the date in **dd/mm/yyyy** format or pick it by clicking on the calendar icon.

Figure 6: Date PPS was carried out in this ward field

Organisation Details *	#								
Reporting Ward						-#		Ward	A
Date PPS was carried out in	Date PPS was carried out in this ward						1	0/07/	2023
			•		July :	2023		•	
Cancel			М	т	w	Т	F	S	S
		26	26	27	28	29	30	1	2
		27	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
		28	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
		29	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		- 30	24	25	26	27	28	29	30

Please note: As this study is only looking at specimens from within the ward, date PPS was carried out in this ward must be equal to or greater than any patient admission date to the ward.



Figure 7: Date PPS was carried out in this ward pop-up

Figure 8: Alternative month picker



This calendar pop up function is available on all date related questions and is utilised in the same fashion as seen above.

Once you complete both field, click on the 'Next' button to move to the next tab (Figure 9).

Figure 9: Next button

-	Organisation Details *#		
Γ	Reporting Ward	"# Ward A	•
	Date PPS was carried out in this ward	10/07/2023	
c	Incel		Next

Confirm your intention to move to the next tab by clicking 'OK' on the pop-up (Figure 10).

Figure 10: Pop-up confirming intention to move to the next tab

🕀 uat-support-hcaidcs.phe.org.uk			
Would you like to move to the next tab?			
	ок	Cancel	

If the mandatory data is not filled in, the following message will be displayed after clicking 'OK' and the data field will be highlighted in red (<u>Figure 11</u>).

Figure 11: Warning message for missing mandatory data

Ward Details 1	Ward Details 2		
The fields m	irked * are mandatory and must be fill	led in	
Organisation	n Details *#		
Reporting Ware	1	"# Ward A	•
Date PPS was	arried out in this ward	•	
Cancel			Next

Section 2: Ward Details 2

This section includes details on hygiene, staffing, number of beds and bed occupancy (Figure 12). The whole of this section must be completed prior to the record being saved as it is used to generate a case ID number on the system.

Figure 12: Full view of 'Ward Details 2' section

Ward Details 1	Ward Details 2			
Mandatory fiel Mandatory for	ilds are marked with red a r Sign Off fields are marke	sterisk(*) 4 with red hash(#)		
Ward Detail	s*			
Ward type			- Select	×
Number of patie	ent-days in ward in one ye	ar. Provide data for the same year as for the AHR consumption.		
Number of liters most recent da	s of alcohol hand rub con ita available.	sumed in the ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the		
Financial year f	for alcohol hand rub cons	imption and for patient-days in one year in ward (yyyy/yyyy)	- Select	*
Number of hand most recent da	d hygiene opportunities ol ita available.	oserved in ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the		
Financial year f	for number of observed h	and hygiene opportunities	- Select	Y
Total number of the survey.	f patients admitted to the	ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the ward at the time of		
Number of beds	s in ward. Provide numbe	r at the time of the PPS.		
Number of beds	s with alcohol hand rub di	spensers at the point of care (within arm's reach).		
Number of heal	ithcare workers on ward	at the time of PPS		
Number of HCW	Vs on ward carrying AHR	dispensers (e.g. in their pocket).		
Number of room	ms in ward; provide the n	imber at the time of the PPS		
Number of sing	le rooms in ward; provide	the number at the time of the PPS		
Number of beds	s occupied at 00:01 on the	a day of PPS		
Speciality of ph	ysician in charge of the p	atient, may differ from ward specialty (see specialty list)	- Select	•
Is there a forma initial order in th	al procedure to review the his ward (post-prescription	appropriateness of an antimicrobial within 72 hours from the in review)?	- Select	×
				max. 30000 chars.
Comments or o	observations for current v	vard (e.g. regarding feasibility of data collection).		

Please record the data requested as appropriate (each field is detailed in Figure 13 – Figure 29).

<u>Ward type:</u> Select ward type from the drop-down menu. Select 'Other' if ward type is not identified in list. This will trigger a free-text field where ward type can be filled out.

Figure 13: Ward type

Ward type	Select	
Number of patient-days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the AHR consumption.	Select	
Number of Name of all and the second of the second in the second particle data for any intervention of the	Paediatrics	
Number of netrs of accord name rub consumed in the ward in one year. Provide data for previous year of the	Neonatal	
most recent data avanable.	Intensive Care	
	Medicine	
Financial year for alcohol hand rub consumption and for patient-days in one year in ward (yyyy/yyyy)	Surgery	
Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.	Gynaecology/Obstetrics	
	Geriatrics	
	Psychiatry	
Financial year for number of observed hand bygions expertunities	Rehabilitation	
rinancial year for number of observed nand nyglene opportunities	Long-term care	
Total number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the ward at the time of	Young persons mental health	
the survey.	Adult mental health	
	Older persons mental health	
Number of beds in ward. Provide number at the time of the PPS.	Other	
Number of bade with alcohol hand rub dienoneore at the point of care (within arm's reach)	Mixed	
number of bede with accordinate rab dispensers at the point of care (within ann a feach).		

<u>Number of patient-days in ward in one year</u> – record the number of patient-days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the next alcohol hand rub consumption question.

Figure 14: Number of patient-days in ward in one year – record the number of patient days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the alcohol hand rub consumption)



<u>Number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year</u> - provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.

Figure 15: Number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year

-	Ward Details*
ſ	Number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.
_	Number of natient-days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the AHD consumption

Financial year for alcohol hand rub consumption and for patient-days in one year in ward - select financial year from drop down.

Figure 16: Financial year for alcohol hand rub consumption and for patient-days in one year in ward (yyyy/yyyy)

Financial year for alcohol hand rub consumption and for patient-days in one year in ward (yyyy/yyyy)	- Select 🔻	
Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or th	the Select	
most recent data available.	2022/2023	
	2021/2022	
Financial wave for more than a finder and burging a second within	2020/2021	
Financial year for number of observed nand hygiene opportunities	2019/2020	
Total number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the ward at the time	me of 2018/2019	

<u>Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year - provide data for previous</u> year or the most recent data available.

Figure 17: Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year

Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.

Financial year for number of observed hand hygiene opportunities – select year from dropdown.

Figure 18: Financial year for number of observed hand hygiene opportunities (yyyy/yyyy)

	Year for number of observed hand hygiene opportunities	
	Total number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the ward at the time of the survey.	
To	tal number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the wa	ard at
the	e time of the survey – enter the number of patients.	
Fig	gure 19: Total number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discha	rged

from the ward at the time of the survey
Year for number of observed hand hygiene opportunities

Total number of patients admitted to the ward before 8 AM and not discharged from the ward at the time of the survey.

Number of beds in ward - enter the number at the time of the PPS.

Т

Figure 20: Number of beds in ward. Provide number at the time of the PPS.



Number of beds with alcohol hand rub dispensers at the point of care (within arm's reach) – enter number at the time of the PPS.

Figure 21: Number of beds with alcohol hand rub dispensers at the point of care (within arm's reach).



Number of healthcare workers on ward at the time of PPS

<u>Number of healthcare workers on ward at the time of PPS</u> – complete number of healthcare workers on ward at the time of the PPS.

Figure 22: Number of healthcare workers on ward at the time of PPS

Number of healthcare workers on ward at the time of PPS
Number of HCWs on ward carrying AHR dispensers (e.g. in their pocket).

<u>Number of healthcare workers (HCWs) on ward carrying alcohol hand rub (AHR) dispensers</u> – complete number of HCWs carrying AHR dispensers (for example, in their pocket).

Figure 23: Number of healthcare workers (HCWs) on ward carrying alcohol hand rub (AHR) dispensers

Number of nearthcare workers on ward at the time of PPS
Number of HCWs on ward carrying AHR dispensers (e.g. in their pocket).
Number of rooms is used, provide the number of the time of the DDC

Number of rooms in ward - provide the number of rooms in the ward at the time of the PPS.

Figure 24: Number of rooms in ward

Т	_	number of news on ward carrying with dispenses le.g. in men power.	
		Number of rooms in ward; provide the number at the time of the PPS	
		Number of single rooms in ward: provide the number at the time of the PPS	

<u>Number of single rooms in ward</u> - provide the number of single rooms in the ward at the time of the PPS.

Figure 25: Number of single rooms in ward

Number of rooms in ward; provide the number at the time of the PPS	
Number of single rooms in ward; provide the number at the time of the PPS	
Number of beds occupied at 00:01 on the day of PPS	

Number of beds occupied at 00:01 on the day of PPS - provide number of beds occupied.

Figure 26: Number of beds occupied at 00:01 on the day of PPS

_	······································	
Γ	Number of beds occupied at 00:01 on the day of PPS	

<u>Speciality of physician in charge of the patient</u> – multiple options can be selected from the dropdown (<u>Figure 27</u>) – selecting a speciality will trigger the next question requesting the number of patients on the ward in the care of that speciality (<u>Figure 28</u>). Please note that physician speciality may differ from ward speciality.

Figure 27: Speciality of physician in charge of the patient

Speciality of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty (see specialty list)	I 💌
Comments or observations for current ward (e.g. regarding feasibility of data collection).	○ DER ~ Gentations 2 % ○ Go < Oproactiong/Obstetrics 2 % □ KU <= Intensive Care
Is there a formal procedure to review the appropriateness of an antimicrobial within 72 hours from the initial order in this ward (post-prescription review)?	PED = Paediatric PSY = Psychiatry RHB = Rehabilitation
ncel	SUR = Surgery Unknown

Figure 28: Number of patients on the ward in the care of each relevant speciality (example of Long-term care and Medicine specialities)

Speciality of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty (see specialty list)	LTC = Long-term care,MED = Medicine	-
Number of patients in ward in care of Long-term care speciality physician. Provide the number at the time of the PPS.		
Number of patients in ward in care of Medicine speciality physician. Provide the number at the time of the PPS.		

Is there a formal procedure to review the appropriateness of an antimicrobial within 72 hours from the initial order in this ward (post-prescription review)? Please select on option from the drop down menu (Yes, No, or Unknown) to indicate if there is a formal procedure (Figure 29).

Figure 29: Is there a formal procedure to review the appropriateness of an antimicrobial within 72 hours from the initial order in this ward



Please provide any comments or observations for the current ward including comments on feasibility of data collection (Figure 30).

Figure 30: Comments or observations for current ward

Comments or observations for current ward (e.g. regarding feasibility of data collection
--

Once you have filled in all mandatory data fields, click on the 'Save' button on the bottom right to save the record (<u>Figure 31</u>), followed by confirming your intention to save the record by clicking 'OK' on the pop-up (<u>Figure 32</u>).

Figure 31: Save button

			×	
Is there a formal procedure to review the appropriateness o ward (post-prescription review)?	of an antimicrobial within 72 hours from the initial order in this	Yeil		
Cancel			[Save

Figure 32: Pop-up confirming intention to save the infection episode details

tat-support-hcaidcs.phe.org.uk		
Would you like to save your changes?		
	ок	Cancel

If the mandatory data are not filled in, the following message will be displayed after clicking 'OK' and the data field will be highlighted in red (<u>Figure 33</u>).

Figure 33: Warning message for missing mandatory data

C	The fields marked * are mandatory and must be filled in	
	Ward Details*	
	Number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.	
	Number of patient-days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the AHR consumption.	
	Year for alcohol hand rub consumption in ward	
	Number of hand hygiene opportunities observed in ward in one year. Provide data for previous year or the most recent data available.	

Once the record is saved, a confirmation message will appear under the tab headings and an ID number will be generated (Figure 34). This is searchable via the 'Search' functionality that is accessible via the 'Menu Toolbar'.

Figure 34: Confirmation message upon saving a record

Ward Details		
Data Collection HCAI PPS Ward	ID 1200906	Created Date [26-Jul-2023
Ward Details 1 🤡 Ward Details 2		
INFECTION EPISODE DATA COLLECTION RESPONSE SAVED SUCCESSFULLY		
Ward Details*	-	
Number of liters of alcohol hand rub consumed in the ward in one year. Provide data for pr data available.	evious year or the most recent	6
Number of patient-days in ward in one year. Provide data for the same year as for the AHR	consumption. •	6
Year for alcohol hand rub consumption in ward		6

HCAI PPS Patient Data Capture

HCAI PPS Patient Data Capture allows users to record patient, antimicrobial usage (AMU), and healthcare-associated infections (HCAI) details.

There are two main ways of accessing the Patient data capture form:

1. Via the 'Case Capture' link (Figure 35).

- · Click 'Case Capture' on the Menu Toolbar on the left-hand side of your screen
- Click 'Enter a case' from the options below
- Under data collection select 'HCAI PPS Patient' (Figure 36)

2. Via Search Infection Episodes tab (Figure 37)

- Click 'Search' in the menu toolbar
- Under condition select 'HCAI Point Prevalence Survey'.
- Select Data collection type from the 'Data Collection' parameter drop-down as 'HCAI PPS Patient'
- Click 'New Infection Episode' on the bottom right of the screen

Figure 35: Dashboard view to add a new event



Figure 36: Data Collection drop-down



nenu loolbar				
Search		NHS Nu	mber	
Case Capture		Data		
Data Upload Wizard	Condition - Select	Collection	on	
Reports	First Name Partial	Surnam	e Partial	
lelp & Support	Specimen Number	Date of	Birth	
		Age		- Select
his page allows an infection	Date From	Date To	alla.	
pisode to be found using the earch facility.	RegionAll	Organis Type	ationAII	
or a more refined search result	OrganisationAll	✓ Shared	Cases 🗌	
lease complete as many of the earch criteria as possible.	Incomplete for sign-off	Apportio Categor	onment y	٣
ick here to view guide	PIR Cases			
ee FAQs and Content for more info			Find	Reset
Key to Screen Symbols	•	dition	Data Collection	
	There are no records to displa			
Error on page	There are no records to displa			
Error on page	There are no records to displa			
S Error on page	There are no records to displa			
 Error on page Attention Saved / completed Close screen / popout 	There are no records to displa			
 Error on page Attention Saved / completed Close screen / popout Information 	There are no records to displa			
 Error on page Attention Saved / completed Close screen / popout Information Text Button 	There are no records to displa			

Figure 37: Accessing 'New Infection Episode' form via 'Search' tab

The selection will redirect you to the first section of the Patient case capture screen (Figure 38).

Figure 38: Episode Details section

Patient Details							
Data Collection HCAI PPS Patient	Created Date Print						
Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI							
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk (*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash (#)							
Organisation Details *#							

Case capture for a Patient consists of the following sections:

- Patient Details
- Patient Details 2
- <u>AMU1</u>
- <u>HAI</u>

All sections must be completed fully and saved.

Fields marked with a red hash # - denote a 'mandatory for sign-off' field. It will not be possible to sign off periods including records with data missing for mandatory sign-off fields until these have been completed. Please see these fields as mandatory; however, sometimes the data for these fields becomes available at a later point, the functionality of 'mandatory for sign-off gives users a buffer of time to update these at a later point (but no later than the sign-off deadline).

Fields marked with a red asterisk * - denote mandatory for saving and will not allow the user to save or continue to the next tab unless these sections are complete (with plausible data, that is within the range of accepted values).

Some fields have both symbols, which means they are both mandatory to save the record and for sign-off.

Section 1: Patient Details

This section includes key organisation, specimen and patient details. The whole of this section must be completed prior to the record being saved (Figure 39) as it is used to generate a case ID number on the system. See the next Section below for further Patient Details.

Figure 39: Full screen of 'Patient Details' section

	atient Details		
Da	ta Collection HCAI PPS Patient		Created Date Print
Pat	ient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI		
	Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk (*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash (#)		
-	Organisation Details *#		
	Ward Name	1#	Select
	Date of Survey	*	
-	Patient Details *		
	NHS Number		
	Date of Birth		
	Sex of the reported case	*0	O Male O Female O Other(e.g.,transsexual) O Unknown
	Hospital number		

Organisation Details

The information completed in this section (Figure 40) captures information on the Organisation required for epidemiological analyses.

Figure 40: 'Reporting Organisation' information



<u>Ward Name</u> – your Ward will be pre-selected if you are only registered for one Ward. If you are registered for multiple Wards, use the drop-down menu to select the correct Ward.

Date of Survey – enter the date of when the survey took place for this patient on this ward (Figure 41-42). You can either write the date in **dd/mm/yyyy** format or select the date by clicking on the calendar icon. A warning message will appear on saving if the date of survey is after the current date.

Commented [KH1]: @Jocelyn Elmes – shouldn't this be the date of the survey on the ward, not the date entered onto the DCS, which could be several weeks after...I have track changed but please confirm

Figure 41a: Date of Survey



Figure 41b: Date of Survey pop up



Figure 42: Alternative month picker



This calendar pop-up function is available on all date related questions and is utilised in the same fashion as seen above.

Patient Details

This section captures vital patient information for epidemiological analyses (Figure 43).

<u>NHS Number</u> – Please enter the unique patient number assigned to each person registered with the NHS. This will consist of 10 digits.

Please note: If this is not known at the time of data collection, please enter as '**9999999999**' and update with the correct NHS number as soon as this information is known. Only valid NHS numbers can be used for the purposes of de-duplication and data linkage.

Date of Birth - This can be entered in a variety of ways:

- 1. Manually enter the patient's date of birth in the format dd/mm/yyyy
- 2. Alternatively, the date of birth can be located using the calendar picker tool to select the date
 - o Click on the small calendar icon next to Date of Birth field
 - o The calendar picker tool will pop up
 - \circ $\;$ The month/year shown will be the current month/year
 - To select an alternative date, click on the number of the date of interest on the calendar (Figure 41-Figure 42)

<u>Sex of the reported case</u> – please select from available options (**Male, Female, Other** or **Unknown**)

Hospital number - please enter the patient's hospital number.

Figure 43: Patient Details

	Fa	lient Details			
	Dat	a Collection HCAI PPS Patient		Created Date	Print
	Pati	ent Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI			
		Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk (*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash (#)			
	-	Organisation Details *#			
		Ward Name	*#	Select	T
		Date of Survey	*		
	-	Patient Details *			
1		NHS Number			
		Date of Birth	*		
		Sex of the reported case	*0	⊖ Male ⊖ Female ⊖ Other(e.g.,transsexual) ⊖ U	nknown
		Hospital number	•		

Once you complete all mandatory and mandatory for sign-off data, click on the 'Next' button to move to the next tab (Figure 44).

Figure 44: Next button

Pati	ent Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1	HAI					
	Mandatory f	ields are marked with red ast ior Sign Off fields are marked	erisk (*) with red hash (#)						
-	Organisatio	on Details *#							
	Ward Name				*#	Select		•	
	Date of Survey				*				
	Patient Det	ails *							
	NHS Number				*				
	Date of Birth				•				
	Sex of the repo	orted case			*0		her(e.g.,transsexual) 🔿	Unknown	
	Hospital numb	er							
Ca	ncel								Next

Confirm your intention to move to the next tab by clicking 'OK' on the pop-up (Figure 45). Figure 45: Pop-up confirming intention to move to the next tab



If the mandatory data are not filled in, the following message will be displayed after clicking 'OK' and data fields with missing data will be highlighted in red (Figure 46).

Figure 46: Warning message due to missing mandatory data

Pat	ient Details	Patient	Details 2	AMU1	HAI			
(The fields m	arked * are m	andatory and m	ust be filled in				
-	Organisatio	on Details	*#					
	Ward Name					18	MILTON KEYNES UNIVERSITY FOUNDATION TRUST - Ward 18	
	Date of Survey	,				•		
-	Patient Det	ails *						
	NHS Number							
	Date of Birth							
	Sex of the repo	orted case				•0	○ Male ○ Female ○ Other(e.g.,transsexual) ○ Unknown	
	Hospital numb	er				•		
Ci	ancel		-					Next

Section 2: Patient Details 2

This section includes further patient admission details (Figure 47). The whole of this section must be completed prior to the record being saved as it is used to generate a case ID number on the system.

Figure 47: Full view of 'Patient Details 2' section

Patient Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1 HAI							
Mandatory fie Mandatory fo	Mandstory fields are marked with red asterisk(') Mandstory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)								
Patient Deta	Patient Details 2								
Date of hospita	al admission		0						
Patient's ethnic	city (as reported by the pati	ent where feasible)		Select	-				
Specialty of ph specialty, see s	ysician in charge of the pat specialty list.	ient, may differ from ward		Select	•				
Birth weight (in	grams). Optional, only for	neonates.							
Patient has und	dergone surgery during cur	rent hospitalisation.		- Select	•				
Classification of	of the severity of underlying	medical conditions.		- Select	•				
Patient had cer stay? If yes, fill	ntral vascular catheter (CVC I dates in corresponding ex) during intensive care unit posure data.		Select	•				
Patient has per	ripheral venous catheter in	place on survey date.		- Select	•				
Patient has ind	welling urinary catheter in	place on survey date.		- Select	•				
Patient was int care unit stay	ubated (invasive respirator	/ device) during intensive		Select	•				

Date of hospital admission – Select date of admission to hospital for current hospitalisation (Figure 48) manually in the **dd/mm/yyyy** format or using the date picker (Figure 41-Figure 42). A warning message will appear on saving if the date of hospital admission is after the date of survey.

Figure 48: Date of hospital admission

Patient Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1 HAI			
Mandatory f	ields are marked with red aster or Sign Off fields are marked w	isk(*) ith red hash(#)			
Patient Det	tails 2				
Date of hospit	al admission		0		
Patient's ethn	icity (as reported by the patie	nt where feasible)		- Select	*
Specialty of p specialty, see	hysician in charge of the patie specialty list.	ent, may differ from ward		- Select	•
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for r	eonates.			
Patient has ur	dergone surgery during curr	ent hospitalisation.		Select	*
Classification	of the severity of underlying	medical conditions.		Select	•
Patient had ce stay? If yes, fi	ntral vascular catheter (CVC) Il dates in corresponding exp	during intensive care unit osure data.		Select	•
Patient has pe	eripheral venous catheter in p	lace on survey date.		Select	•
Patient has in	dwelling urinary catheter in p	lace on survey date.		- Select	•
Patient was in care unit stay	tubated (invasive respiratory	device) during intensive		Select	•

<u>Patient's ethnicity</u> – Select one of the options from the drop-down menu (White, Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups, Asian or Asian British, Black, African, Caribbean or Black British, Other ethnic group). Where possible, this should be as reported by the patient (Figure 49). If none of the options apply, select Other ethnic group which will trigger an additional free-text field to specify patient's ethnicity (Figure 50).

Figure 49: Patient's ethnicity

Patient Details	Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI				
Mandatory f	leids are marked with red asterisk(*) or Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(≢)				
Patient Del	tails 2				
Date of hospi	tal admission	€			
Patient's ethn	icity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select			
Specialty of p specialty, see	hysician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty list.	- Select White Mixed or Multiple ethnic groups			
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	Black, African, Caribbean or Black British			
Patient has un	dergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	Other ethnic group			
Classification	of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select -			
Patient had ce stay? If yes, fi	entral vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit II dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select -			
Patient has p	eripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	- Select -	•		
Patient has in	dwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select			
Patient was in unit stay	tubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care	- Select	•		

Figure 50: Patient's ethnicity if other

Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	Other ethnic group	-
Patient's ethnicity if other		
Snarialty of physician in channe of the nationst may differ from ward		

<u>Specialty of physician in charge</u> – Select one of the options from the drop-down menu to select the specialty of physician in charge of the patient which may vary from the ward specialty (Figure 51).

Patient Details Data Collection (HCAI PPS Patient Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) achieved***	GOO'N- Oynacology GOO'S- Coulders / Matemity GOO'S- Coulders / Matemity ICUMX- Name down of the U ICUMX- Second CU I
Patient Details 2	MEDCARD - cardology MEDOERM - Dermahology MEDDERM - Dermahology MEDGAST - dastro-minology MEDGAST - dastro-minology MEDGAST - danstari medicine
Date of hospital admission Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	MEDHEMA - Haematology MEDHEMA - Haematology/BMT MEDHEM - Hapatology MEDHEP - Hapatology MEDHER - Hapatology
Specialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	MEDNEPH - Nephrology ·
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	Select

Figure 51: Speciality of physician in charge of patient

Birth weight (in grams) – Enter birth weight in grams if the patient is a neonate (≤28 days old).

<u>Surgery undergone in current hospitalisation</u> – Select from the drop-down menu the type of surgery the patient had undergone from the list of options. If the patient had not undergone any surgery, there is an option to select 'N – No surgery' (Figure 52).

Figure 52: Surgery undergone in current hospitalisation

	Select	A
	N - No surgery	
	NHSN - NHSN surgery, not specified	
Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	NHSN-AAA - Abdominal aortic aneurysm repair	
	NHSN-AMP - Limb amputation	
	NHSN-APPY - Appendix surgery	
	NHSN-AVSD - Shunt for dialysis	
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red bash(#)	NHSN-BILI - Bile duct, liver or pancreatic surgery	
Wandatory for Sign of herds are marked with red hash(#)	NHSN-BRST - Breast surgery	
	NHSN-CARD - Cardiac surgery	
	NHSN-CBGB - Coronary artery bypass graft with both chest and donor site incisions	
Patient Details 2	NHSN-CBGC - Coronary artery bypass graft with chest incision only	
	NHSN-CEA - Carotid endarterectomy	
Ð	NHSN-CHOL - Gallbladder surgery	
Date of hospital admission	NHSN-COLO - Colon surgery	
	NHSN-CRAN - Craniotomy	-
Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	NHSN-CSEC - Cesarean section	
Specialty of physician in charge of the nationt, may differ from ward	NHSN-FUSN - Spinal fusion	
specialty, see specialty list.	NHSN-FX - Open reduction of fracture	
,	NHSN-GAST - Gastric surgery	
	NHSN-HER - Herniorrhaphy	-
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	NHSN-HPRO - Hip prosthesis	-
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	Select	-
Classification of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	Select	•
Patient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit		
stay? If yes, fill dates in corresponding exposure data.	Select	-
Patient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	Select	•
Patient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select	•
Patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care		
unit stay	- Select	•

<u>Classification of severity of underlying medical conditions</u> – Select from the drop-down menu the severity of the patient's underlying medical conditions (<u>Figure 53</u>).

Patient Details	
Data Collection HCAI PPS Patient	Created Date Print
Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(≢)	
Patient Details 2	
Date of hospital admission	e =
Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select 💌
Specialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	- Select - 💌
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	- Select 🔹
Classification of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select -
Patient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit stay? If yes, fill dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select Non-fatal disease (expected survival at least 5 years) Repitly fatal disease (expected death within 1 year)
Patient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	Unknown
Patient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select 💌
Patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care unit stay	- Select

Figure 53: Classification of severity of underlying medical conditions

<u>Use of central vascular catheter (CVC) during ICU stay</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not a central vascular catheter was used during ICU stay (Figure 54).

Figure 54: Central vascular catheter (CVC) used during ICU stay

Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)	
B Patient Details 2	
Date of hospital admission	8
Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select 🔻
Specialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	- Select 🔻
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	- Select
Classification of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select 🔹
Patient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit stay? If yes, fill dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select - -
Patient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	Yes
Patient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	Unknown
Patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care unit stay	- Select -

<u>Use of peripheral venous catheter on survey date</u> – Select the appropriate option from the dropdown menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not a peripheral venous catheter was used on survey date (Figure 55).

Figure 55: Peripheral venous catheter used on survey date

Patient Details	Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI		
Mandatory fi Mandatory fo	elds are marked with red asterisk(*) or Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)		
Patient Det	ails 2		
Date of hospit	al admission	0	
Patient's ethni	icity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select	•
Specialty of pl specialty, see	hysician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty list.	- Select	•
Birth weight (i	n grams). Optional, only for neonates.		
Patient has un	dergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	- Select	
Classification	of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select	
Patient had ce stay? If yes, fil	ntral vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit Il dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select	*
Patient has pe	ripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	- Select -	×
Patient has inc	swelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select	
Patient was in unit stay	tubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care	No	

<u>Use of indwelling urinary catheter on survey date</u> – Select the appropriate option from the dropdown menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not a indwelling urinary catheter was used on survey date (Figure 56).

Figure 56: Indwelling urinary catheter used on survey date

Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI		
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterist.") Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)		
Patient Details 2		
Date of hospital admission		
Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select -	•
Specialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	- Select -	•
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.		
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	- Select -	•
Classification of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select -	•
Patient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit stay? If yes, fill dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select -	·
Patient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	- Select -	
Patient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select -	1
Patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care unit stay	Select Yes No Unknown	

Intubation during ICU stay – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not the patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during ICU stay (Figure 57).

Figure 57: Intubation during ICU stay

Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)	
B Patient Details 2	
Date of hospital admission	
Patient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	Select 💌
Specialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	- Select 💌 💌
Birth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.	
Patient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	Select 💌
Classification of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	Select *
Patient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit stay? If yes, fill dates in corresponding exposure data.	- Select *
Patient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	Select *
Patient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select 💌
Patient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care unit stay	Source
Cancel	Yes No Unknown Save

Once you have completed all the relevant details on the Patient Details 2 page, click Save at the bottom on the screen (Figure 58). If all the relevant mandatory fields for saving have been completed and validation rules have been met, after clicking 'OK' to the pop-up confirming intention to move to next tab (Figure 45), the Patient Details/Patient Details 2 tabs should have been successfully saved (Figure 59).

Figure 58: Save Patient Details 2 page

er vi nvsjinal dumitsovn	31/07/2023		
tient's ethnicity (as reported by the patient where feasible)	- Select -		
ecially of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specially, see specially list.	- Select -		
pecialty of physician in charge of the patient, may differ from ward specialty, see specialty list.	- Select	*	
rth weight (in grams). Optional, only for neonates.			
tient has undergone surgery during current hospitalisation.	- Select -	-	
assilication of the severity of underlying medical conditions.	- Select -		
stient had central vascular catheter (CVC) during intensive care unit stay? If yee, fill dates in mesponding exposure data.	- Select -	×	
tient has peripheral venous catheter in place on survey date.	- Select -		
tient has indwelling urinary catheter in place on survey date.	- Select	*	
tient was intubated (invasive respiratory device) during intensive care unit stay	- Select -		



Section 3: Antimicrobial usage (AMU)

Select the AMU1 tab; this section contains information about patient's antimicrobial usage during their hospital stay (Figure 60).

Figure 60: Landing screen for 'Antimicrobial Usage' section

Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	
Mandatory fields are marined with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marined with red hash(#)	
G AMU*	
Does the patient have allergies to any antimicrobial?	Select 💌
Is the patient receiving any antimicrobials (on the survey date)?	Select 💌
□ Optional notes section	
Were appropriate microbiology samples collected?	- Select ·
Were appropriate microbiology samples collected? (notes)	
Clinical notes or comments	
Renal replacement therapy given with previous 24 hours (e.g. dialysis)	- Select 💌
Cancel	. Save

<u>Does the patient have allergies to any antimicrobial?</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Present', 'Nil known', 'Not documented' or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not the patient has any allergies to any antimicrobials (<u>Figure 61</u>).

Figure 61: Allergies to any antimicrobials options

Patient Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1	HAI		
Mandatory f Mandatory f	elds are marked with red aste or Sign Off fields are marked v	risk(*) vith red hash(#)			
Does the patie	nt have allergies to any anti	microbial?		- Select	•
Is the patient	eceiving any antimicrobials	(on the survey	date)?	Select Present	
Optional n	otes section			Nil known Not documented Unknown	

<u>Is the patient receiving antimicrobials</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether or not the patient is receiving antimicrobials on the day of the survey (Figure 62).

Figure 62: Administration of antimicrobials field options

Pa	tient Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1	НАІ			
	Mandatory fie Mandatory for	lds are marked with red aste Sign Off fields are marked v	risk(*) with red hash(#)				
6	a AMU						
Γ	Does the patient have allergies to any antimicrobial?						•
	Is the patient receiving any antimicrobials (on the survey date)?			- Select	•		
G	Optional no	tes section				Select Yes No Unknown	

If the patient is receiving antimicrobials, a set of additional follow-up questions will be generated corresponding to each antimicrobial being adminstered.

<u>Number of antimicrobials being administered</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select the number of antimicrobials the patient is receiving(<u>Figure 63</u>). The number you select will trigger a corresponding number of additional follow-up questions, allowing you to provide further details on each HAI (<u>Figure 64</u>). If you select 5 or more antimicrobials, a second AMU tab (AMU2) will appear containing additional follow-up questions for the 5th or greater antimicrobials.

Figure 63: Number of antimicrobials being administered

AMU*	
Does the patient have allergies to any antimicrobial?	Present
Is the patient receiving any antimicrobials (on the survey date)?	Yes
How many antimicrobials is the patient receiving?	1
AMU 1	- Select 1 2
Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey *	3 4 5
What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	6 7
What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	8
What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?	- Select 💌
Number of doses	
Reason for prescription in patients notes	Select 💌
Date on which the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered	
Was the antimicrobial reviewed (within 72 hours after start of the current antimicrobial; not from the start of the indication)?	Select
Was the antimicrobial (or the route of administration) changed for this indication, and if so, what was the reason?	- Select V
What was the number of missed doses from start date of current antibiotic antimicrobial treatment until the date of the suvery? If no doses missed, report as 0. if unknown, leave field empty	
Reason for missed doses	- Select
Cauraa lanath ar atan data daaumantad?	Contract (

Figure 64: Additional fields if selected 1 or more antimicrobials being administered

-	AMU 1			
	Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey	*	Select	•
	What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	•	- Select	•
	What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	*	- Select	-
	What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?	•	- Select	•
	Number of doses			
	Reason for prescription in patients notes		- Select	-
	Date on which the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered	*		
	Was the antimicrobial reviewed (within 72 hours after start of the current antimicrobial; not from the start of the indication)?	*	Select	•
	Was the antimicrobial (or the route of administration) changed for this indication, and if so, what was the reason?	*	Select	•
	What was the number of missed doses from start date of current antibiotic antimicrobial treatment until the date of the suvery? If no doses missed, report as 0. If unknown, leave field empty			
	Dessen for missed desse			
	Reason for missed doses		Select	•
	Course length or stop date documented?		Select	•
	Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance?		- Select Select Select	•
	Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours?		- Select - - Select - - Select - - Select -	•
	Reason for Imiseu doves Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxia administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch?		- Select - - Select - - Select - - Select - - Select -	• • •
	Reason for Imiseu doves Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical propylaxits administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing.		- Select - Select - Select - Select - Select - Select -	• • •
	Reason for Imiseu does Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical propylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials		- Select - - Select - - Select - - Select - - Select - - Select - - Select -	 <
	Reason (10) Imised ubses Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route?		- Select - Select - Select - Select - Select - Select - Select - Select -	
	Readowing for missed ubses Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophyliaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? Was the antimicrobial dose and/or frequency incorrect?		- Select - - Select -	
	Reason for Imised ubses Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect?		- Select - - Select -	
	Reason for Imiseeu does Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophytaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect? Was the antimicrobial guertum too broad?		- Select - - Select -	
	Reason for Imiseu does Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial dose and/or frequency incorrect? Was the antimicrobial dose and/or frequency incorrect? Was the antimicrobial guidation incorrect? Was the antimicrobial guidation incorrect? Was the antimicrobial spectrum to barrow?		- Select - - Select -	
	Reason for misseu doses Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect? Was the antimicrobial spectrum to broad? Was the antimicrobial spectrum to narrow? If antimicrobial restricted, was approval given? (such as if local policy restricts a certain antimicrobial for specialist approval or pre-authorisation)		- Select - Select -	
	Reason for misseu doses Course length or stop date documented? Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance? Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? Is there an allergy mismatch? Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing. The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? Was the antimicrobial dose and/or frequency incorrect? Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect? Was the antimicrobial spectrum to broad? Was the antimicrobial spectrum to norrow? If antimicrobial spectrum to anrow? Please rate the appropriateness of the antimicrobial prescription (see accompanying guidance)		- Select - - Sele	

<u>Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date</u> – Please specify the antimicrobial(s) ATC5 code the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis, 24 hours prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey using the drop-down menu (Figure 65).

Figure 65: Antimicrobial ATC5 code field options

Ξ	AMU 1			
	Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey	•	J04AK02 - Ethambuto	
	What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	*	J04AK02 - Ethambutol	
	What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	*	J04AK03 - Terizidone J04AK04 - Morinamide	
	What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?	*	J04AK07 - amithiozone J04AM - Combinations of drugs for treatment of tuberculosis NoS	
	Reason for prescription in patients notes		J04AM01 - Streptomycin and isoniazid	
	Date on which the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered		J04AM02 - Riampicin and Isoniazid J04AM03 - Ethambutol and isoniazid	
	Was the antimicrobial reviewed (within 72 hours after start of the current antimicrobial; not from the start of the indication)?	*	J04AM04 - Thioacetazone and isoniazid J04AM05 - Rifampicin - pyrazinamide and isoniazid J04AM06 - Rifampicin - pyrazinamide - ethambutol and isoniazid	

If none of the specific options apply, please select 'O - Other'. This will trigger a free-text field that will allow you to specify the name of the antimicrobial (<u>Figure 66</u>).

Figure 66: Specify antimicrobial if Other antimicrobial is selected

 Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey
 0 - Other

•

<u>Route of administration of antimicrobial</u> – Select from the drop-down menu, the route of administration for the antimicrobial agent (Figure 67).

Figure 67: Route of admission of antimicrobial field options

-	AMU 1			
Γ	Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey		O - Other	•
	Please write in the antimicrobial name (generic or brand name), if other	*		_
	What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	*	- Select	•
	What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	*	Select I - Inhalation	
	What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?	*	O - Oral	
	Reason for prescription in patients notes		R - Rectal	
	Date on which the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered	•	Unknown	

<u>Number of doses per day</u> – Select the number of doses of the antimicrobial given per day (Figure 68).

Figure 68: Number of doses

AMU 1

Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24h prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey	*	O - Other	•
Please write in the antimicrobial name (generic or brand name), if other	*		
What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	*	Select	•
What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?		- Select	-
What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?	•	Select OD - once a day	
Reason for prescription in patients notes		BD - Twice a day	
Date on which the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered	*	QDS - 4 times a day	
Was the antimicrobial reviewed (within 72 hours after start of the current antimicrobial; not from the start of the indication)?	•	18hrly QOD - alternate day Three times/week	
Was the antimicrobial (or the route of administration) changed for this indication, and if so, what was		Weekly	

Indication (reason) why patient is receiving this antimicrobial agent – Use the drop-down menu to select the indication or reason for why patient is receiving the antimicrobial selected (Figure 87). If none of the specific options apply, please select '**O** - **Other indication**'. This will trigger a free-text field that will allow you to specify why the patient is receiving the selected antimicrobial (Figure 69).

Figure 69: Indication for patient receiving this antimicrobial

AMU 1				
Please specify the antimicrobial(s) the patient receives on the survey date, except for surgical prophylaxis which should be registered if given 24b prior to 8:00 AM on the day of the survey		0 - Other		
Please write in the antimicrobial name (generic or brand name), if other	*			
What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	*	- Select	-	
What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	*	Select		
What is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?		O - Other indication (e.g. erythromycin use as a prokinetic agent)	•	
Indication (reason) why patient is receiving this antimicrobial agent if other	*			

<u>Diagnosis group by anatomical site</u> – This question is triggered if indication is intention to treat an infection, not for prophylaxis (CI-Treatment attention for community-acquired infection, HI-Treatment attention for acute hospital-acquired infection, or LI- Treatment attention for infection acquired in long-term or chronic care facility). Select the diagnosis group using the drop-down menu (Figure 70).

Figure 70: Diagnosis group by anatomical site

		Select	
		ASB - Asymptomatic bacteriuria	
Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI		BAC - Lab-confirmed bacteraemia	
		BJ - Bone or joint, relationship to surgery not specified	
		BJ-O - Septic arthritis, osteomyelitis, not related to surgery	
		BJ-SSI - Septic arthritis, osteomyelitis of surgical site	
Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*)		BRON = Acute bronchitis or exacerbations of chronic bronchitis	
Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)		CF - Cystic Fibrosis	
		CNS - Infections of the Central Nervous System	
		CSEP - Clinical sepsis, excluding FN	
AMU*		CVS - Cardiovascular infections: endocarditis, vascular graft	
		CYS - Symptomatic Lower UTI	
Does the patient have allergies to any antimicrobial?		ENT - Infections of ear, mouth, nose, throat or larynx	
		EYE - Endophthalmitis	
is the patient receiving any antimicrobials (on the survey date)?		FN - Febrile Neutropaenia / Oth manif in immunocompromised host w/o	
How many antimicrobials is the patient receiving?		anatomical site	
		GI - Intections (saimoneilosis, antibiotic associated diarrhoea)	
D AMILI		GUM - Prostatitis, epididymoorchitis, STD in men	
AWOT		NA - Intraabdominal sepsis including nepatobilary	
Disage apaging the antimicrobiol(a) the nationt requires on the survey data except for surgical		NA - Not applicable (il Antimicrobial indication = MP, SP I, SP2, SP3, O, OI) OBCV. Obstatria as superselegical infections. STD is wereas.	
prophylaxie which chould be registered if given 24b prior to 2:00 AM on the day of the survey		DBG1 - Obstetric of gynaecological mections, STD in women RNEU - Resumania	
prophylaxia which allouid be registered it given zen phor to 6.00 Am on the day of the survey		PVE Sumetomatic Linner LITL	
		SIDS - Systemic inflammatory recorded with no clear anatomic site	
Please write in the antimicrobial name (generic or brand name), if other	*	Since - Systemic initialitiatory response with the clear anatomic site	
What is the route of administration of the antimicrobial agent?	*	SST-O - Cellulitis wound deen soft tissue not involving hone not related to	
		surgery	
What number of doses of the antimicrobial are given per day?	*	SST-SSI - Surgical site infection involving skin or soft tissue but not bone	
What is the indication (reason) why the national is reasining the entimism is a set (a)?		UND - Completely undefined, site with no systemic inflammation	
what is the indication (reason) why the patient is receiving the antimicrobial agent(s)?		Unknown	
What is the patient's diagnosis (by anatomical site)?		- Select	

<u>Reason for prescription in patient's notes</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select 'Yes' if the reason for prescription is in the patient's notes or select 'No' if there is no reason in the patient's notes.

<u>Date the antimicrobial started</u> – Select the date the first dose of the current antimicrobial was administered manually in the **dd/mm/yyyy** format or using the date picker (<u>Figure 41-Figure 42</u>).

<u>Antibiotic review? (within 72hrs after start of current antimicrobial)</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', 'Unknown' or 'Not applicable (start less than 72 hours ago)', to indicate whether there has been an antibiotic review within 72 hours after the start of the current antimicrobial.

<u>Was the antimicrobial (or route of administration) changed for this indication, and if so, what</u> <u>was the reason</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select '**N** – **No change**' if the antimicrobial has not been changed during the current hospitalisation and if it has, select from one reasons for the change (<u>Figure 71</u>).

Figure 71: Changes to antimicrobial

Was the antimicrobial (or the route of administration) changed for this indication, and if so, what was the reason?	- Select	*
What was the number of missed doses from start date of current antibiotic antimicrobial treatment until the date of the suvery? If no doses missed, report as 0. If unknown, leave field empty	N - No change E - Escalation D - De-escalation	
Reason for missed doses	S - Switch IV to oral A - Adverse effects	
Course length or stop date documented?	O - OPAT OLL - Change for other or unknown reason	
Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance?	Unknown	

<u>What was the number of missed doses</u> – Use the free-text field to enter the number of missed doses from start date of current antibiotic antimicrobial treatment until the date of the suvery. If no doses missed, report as 0. if unknown, leave field empty.

If doses were missed, for what reason? – Select from the drop-down menu the reason for missed doses.

Is the course length or stop date documents? - Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes' or 'No'.

<u>Is the antimicrobial prescription compliant with guidance</u> – Select from the drop-down menu whether the prescription is compliant and with what guidelines.

Was surgical prophylaxis administered for more than 24 hours? – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Not applicable'.

<u>Is there an allergy mismatch?</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No', 'ND – Not documented' or 'Unknown'.

Commented [KH2]: There is a spelling mistake in the DCS question. "suvery" should be "survey"

HCAI PPS Data Capture System: Case Capture HCAI NHS Trust, HCAI PPS Ward, HCAI PPS Patient	
<u>Microbiology mismatch: Is there mismatch in relation to susceptibility testing?</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No', 'NS – specimen not sent', 'P – result pending' or 'S – susceptibilityn testing not performed'	
<u>The indication does not require ANY antimicrobials</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Unknown.	
Was the antimicrobial administered via the incorrect route? – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Unknown'.	
<u>Was the antimicrobial dose and/or frequency incorrect?</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'N – No, dose and frequency correct', 'H – too high' or 'L – too low'.	
<u>Was the antimicrobial duration incorrect?</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'N – No, duration correct', 'TL – too long or 'TS – too short'.	
Was the antimicrobial spectrum too broad? – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Unknown'.	
Was the antimicrobial spectrum too narrow? – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Unknown'.	Commented [KH3]: Spelling error on the DCS – should be "too" not "to"
If antimicrobial restricted, was approval given? (such as if local policy restricts a certain antimicrobial for specialist approval or pre-authorisation) – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'No' or 'Unknown'.	
Please rate the appropriateness of the antimicrobial prescription (see accompanying guidance) – Select from the drop-down menu '1 – Optimal', '2 - Adequate', '3 – Suboptimal', '4 – Inadeguate', '5- not accessible (see accompanying guidance)'	Commented [E4]: @ Jocelyn Elmes there needs to be a
	link to the accompanying guidance for this question

There are a series of optional notes section questions in the AMU tab.

<u>Were appropriate microbiology samples collected?</u> – Select from the drop-down menu 'Yes', 'Partially (if more than one indication or microbiological sample is required)', 'Not applicable', 'No', or ' Not accessable'.

<u>Were appropriate microbiology samples collected? (notes)</u> – Free-text field to add notes regarding collection of microbiogy samples

Clinical notes or comments - Free-text field to add clinical notes or comments

<u>Renal replacement therapy given with previous 24 hours (e.g. dialysis)</u> – Select from the dropdown menu 'Yes' or 'No'.

Once you have completed all the required fields on the screen. Click Save. If all the relevant mandatory fields for saving have been completed and validation rules have been met, after clicking 'OK' to the pop-up confirming intention to move to next tab (Figure 45), the page should update with a message to confirm that the response has been saved successfully (Figure 72).

Figure 72: Infection episode saved successfully

Patient Details	Patient Details 2	🖉 AMU1 HAI					
INFECTION EPISODE DATA COLLECTION RESPONSE BAVED SUCCESSFULLY							
a AMU							

Section 4: Healthcare-associated infection (HAI) details

Select the HAI tab; this section contains information about any healthcare-associated infections (HAI) during their hospital stay (Figure 73-Figure 74).

Figure 73: Landing screen for Healthcare-Associated Infections section

	Patient Details			
	Data Collection HCHI PPS Putient ID 1200915		Created Date 21-3ul-2023	Print
	Patient Details 🗸 Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI			
Ŧ	Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory far Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)			
	a HAP			
	Patient has healthcare-associated infection	•	- Select -	
	Cancel			Sau

Figure 74: Full screen of Healthcare-Associated Infections section

Patient I	Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1	HAI					
	Annalatory feeds are marked with red assertiskity of however								
ы на	\I*								
Pat	tient has heal	thcare-associated infectio	n		*	0	Yes		
Hov	w many activ	e HAIs does the patient ha	ive?		*	0	1	•	
⊡ HA	N 1								
Cas	se definition	code			*		Select		
HA	l was present	t on admission			*		- Select		
HA	l is associate	d to current ward					- Select	-	
lf b	loodstream i	nfection, what is the sourc	ce?				- Select	•	
Vas	sopressor tre	atment for HAI					- Select	-	
Ho	w many micro	oorganisms were listed on	the microbiolo	gical results available on the survey date?					
(sp	ecify up to 3)						Select	•	
Tee	and antibiatio			and) as farefard antimizershiple within the mean					
les	neu antibiotio	: - specny me antimicrobia	ai group (preteri	eu) or testeu anumicrobiais within the group.	*		Select	•	
ls ti	he micro-org	anism pandrug-resistant?					- Select -	•	

<u>Patient has a HAI</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether the patient has a HAI.

<u>How many active HAIs does the patient have?</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select the number of active HAIs the patient has. The number that is selected will trigger a corresponding number of additional follow-up questions, allowing you to provide further details on each HAI (Figure 75).

Figure 75: Number of active HAIs

Patient D		nt Details	Patient Details 2	AMU1	HAI							
	Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)											
ĺ	-	HAI*										
		Patient has healthcare-associated infection						*	0	Yes	•	
		How many active HAIs does the patient have?						*	0	1	-	
(-	HAI 1							Select 1 2			
		Case definition	code					*		3		
			· · · · ·							4		

<u>Case definition code</u> – Using the drop-down menu select the case definition code. If none of the specific options apply, please select '**OTH - Other healthcare-associated infection/unspecified HAI**' (Figure 76).

Figure 76: Case definition code

	- Select			
	BJ-BONE - Osteomyelitis			
	BJ-DISC - Disc space infection			
HCAI DCS Mandatory Surveillance - Support Site	BJ-JNT - Joint or bursa			
	BJ-Nos - Bone and joint infection, category not specified/unknown			
	BSI - Bloodstream infection (laboratory-confirmed) , other than CRI3			
	CNS-IC - Intracranial infection			
Patient Details	CNS-MEN - Meningitis or ventriculitis			
	CNS-Nos - Central nervous system infection, category not specified/unknown			
Data Collection HCAI PPS Patient v ID 1200951	CNS-SA - Spinal abscess without meningitis			
	COV-ASY - asymptomatic COVID-19			
	COV-MM - mild/moderate COVID-19			
	COV-SEV - severe COVID-19			
Patient Details Patient Details 2 AMU1 HAI	CRI1-CVC - Local CVC-related infection (no positive blood culture)			
	CRI1-PVC - Local PVC-related infection (no positive blood culture)			
	CRI2-CVC - General CVC-related infection (no positive blood culture)			
Mandatany fields are marked with red actorial/(1)	CRI2-PVC - General PVC-related infection (no positive blood culture)			
Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red asterism() Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#)	CRI3-CVC - Microbiologically confirmed CVC-related bloodstream infection			
	CRI3-PVC - Microbiologically confirmed PVC-related bloodstream			
	infection			
HAI*	CVS-CARD - Myocarditis or pericarditis			
	CVS-ENDO - Endocarditis			
Patient has healthcare-associated infection * ()	CVS-MED - Mediastinitis			
	CVS-Nos - Cardiovasular system infection, category not			
How many active HAIs does the patient have? *	specified/unknown			
	CV3-VASC - Arterial of Venous Intection			
🖬 HAI 1	EENT-CONS - Conjunctivities			
	EENT-EAR - Ear mastoru			
Case definition code *	SSI-Nos - Surgical site infection, category not specified/unknown			

Invasive device in 48 hours (7 days for UTI) preceding the infection – This question is triggered based on response to preceding question on case definition code (if UTI-A, UTI-B or UTI-Nos is selected). Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes' or 'No', to indicate

whether or not the patient has had an invasive device in the 48 hours (or 7 days for UTI) preceding the infection.

<u>HAI was present on admission</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether the HAI was present on admission.

<u>Date of infection onset after admission</u> – This question will be triggered if the 'No' option was selected for the preceding question on whether the HAI was present on admission. Select the date of infection onset *after* admission manually in the **dd/mm/yyyy** format or using the date picker (Figure 41-Figure 42). A warning message will appear if the infection is indicated to have been acquired after hospital admission, but the date of onset is recorded as occurring before the admission date.

<u>Date of infection onset before admission</u> – This question will triggered if the 'Yes' option was selected for the preceding question on whether the HAI was present on admission. Select the date of infection onset *before* admission manually in the **dd/mm/yyyy** format or using the date picker (Figure 41-Figure 42). A warning message will appear if the infection is indicated to have been acquired before hospital admission, but the date of onset is recorded as occurring after the admission date.

<u>HAI is associated with current ward</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether the HAI was associated with the current ward.

<u>Origin (source) of the bloodstream infection</u> – Using the drop-down menu select the origin (source) of the bloodstream infection. If none of the specific options apply, please select 'UO= None of the above, BSI of unknown origin (clinically asserted)' (Figure 77).

Figure 77: Origin of the bloodstream infection

∃ HA!*						
Patient has healthcare-associated infection	1	0	Yes	•		
How many active HAIs does the patient have?	÷	0	1	•		
a HAI1						
Case definition code	•		UTI-A - symptomatic urinary tract infection, microbiologically confirmed	•		
Invasive device in 48 hours (7 days for UTI) preceding the infection.			Yes	•		
HAI was present on admission	•		Yes	-		
Date of infection onset before admission						
HAI is associated to current ward			Yes			
If bloodstream infection, what is the source? Vasopressor treatment for HAI How many microagnations were listed on the microbiological results available on the survey date? (specify up to 3) Tested antibiotic - specify the antimicrobial group (preferred) or tested antimicrobials within the group			UO = None of the above, BSI of unknown origin (clinically asserted)	1		
			- Select C-CVC Central vascular catheler			
			C-PVC = Porpheral vascular catheter S-DIG = Digestive tract infection S-OTH = Other infection			
			S-PUL = Pulmonary infection S-SSI = Surgical site infection			
Is the micro-organism pandrug-resistant?			S-UTI = Urinary tract infection			
Cancel			Unknown UO = None of the above, BSI of unknown origin (clinically asserted)			

<u>Vasopressor treatment for HAI</u> – Select the appropriate option from the drop-down menu: 'Yes', 'No', or 'Unknown', to indicate whether vasopressor treatment was administered.

<u>How many microorganisms were listed on the microbiological results on survey date</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select the how many microorganisms were listed on the microbiological results on survey date. If no microorganism was identified, leave blank.

Microorganism - Use the drop-down menu to select the microorganism identified (Figure 78)

ACIHAE - Acinetobacter haemolyticus (extended list ASPNIG - Aspergillus niger (extended list) ACILWO - Acinetobacter lwoffi (extended list) Mandatory fields are marked with red asterisk(*) Mandatory for Sign Off fields are marked with red hash(#) ASPNSP - Aspergillus sp., not specified (extended list) ACINSP - Acinetobacter sp., not specified (extended list) □ HAI* ASPOTH - Aspergillus sp., other (extended list) CIOTH - Acinetobacter sp., other (extended list) Patient has healthcare-associated infection ASPSPP - Aspergillus spp (minimal list) ASCISP - Acinetobacter spp (minimal list) BACSPP - Bacillus species (extended list) ACTSPP - Actinomyces species (extended list) 0 How many active HAIs does the patient have? 0 B HAI 1 BATFRA - Bacteroides ragilis (extended list) BATFRA - Bacteroides fragilis (extended list) AEMSPP - Aeromonas species (extended list) BATNSP - Bacteroides species, not specified (extended list) Action 1 Performance species, not specified (extended AGRSPP - Agrobacterium species (extended list) AGRSP - Agrobacterium species (extended list) ALCSPP - Alcaligenes species (extended list) ALCSPP - Alcaligenes specified (extended list) ADRSPP - Bacterides spor (minimal list) BCTNB - Other bacteria, not specified (extended list) ANANSP - Anaerobes, not specified (extended list) ANANSP - Other bacteria, not specified (extended list) ANANTH - Other bacteria, and specified (extended list) BCTOTH - Other bacteria (extended list) BCTOTH - Other bacteria (extended list) BCTOTH - Other bacteria (extended list) BCRCEP - Burtholderia cepacia (extended list) CAMSPP - Campiobacter species (extended list) CANABP - Candida albicans (extended list) CANABP. - Candida albicans (extended list) NOEXA- Examination not done Case definition code Invasive device in 48 hours (7 days for UTI) preceding the infection HAI was present on admission Date of infection onset before admission HAI is associated to current ward If bloodstream infection, what is the source? Vasopressor treatment for HAI How many microorganisms were listed on the microbiological results available on the survey date? (specify up to 3) Microorganism 1

Figure 78: Specify microorganism identified

<u>Microorganism specimen type</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select the specimen type. If none of the specific options apply, please select 'Other fluid'.

<u>Tested antibiotic</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select the antibiotic used for antimicrobial susceptibility testing. Please select 'NOTEST = No antimicrobial susceptibility data available' if no antimicrobial susceptibility testing data are available (Figure 79).

Figure 79: Antibiotic tested in antimicrobial susceptibility testing

HAI was present on admission	*	NOTEST = No antimircrobial susceptibility data available	1
Date of infection onset before admission	*	C3G = Cephalosporins, third generation (cefotaxime/ceftriaxone)	
		CAR = Carbapenems (imipenem, meropenem, doripenem)	
HAI is associated to current ward		CAZ = Ceftazidime	
		CRO = Ceftriaxone	
If bloodstream infection, what is the source?		CTX = Cefotaxime	
Vacoprocesor troatment for HAI		DOR = Doripenem	
vasopressor deadnent for har		FOX = Cefoxitin	
How many microorganisms were listed on the microbiological results available on the survey date?		GLY = Glycopeptides (vancomycin/teicoplanin)	
(specify up to 3)		IPM = Imipenem	
		MEM = Meropenem	í
Microorganism 1		MET = Meticillin	
microorganian i		OXA = Oxacillin	
What is the specimen type for microorganism 1?		TEC = Teicoplanin	
To deal and blocks and a star and include the same fragments and a started and include the same		VAN = Vancomycin	
rested anumoud - specify the anumicropial group (preferred) or tested antimicropials within the group	*	- Select -	

<u>SIR</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select one of the following options corresponding to the antimicrobial susceptibility results: 'I = Susceptible, increased exposure', 'R = Resistant', 'S = Susceptible, standard dose'. This question is triggered if an an antibiotic is selected in preceding question on 'Tested antibiotic'.

<u>Pandrug resistance</u> – Use the drop-down menu to select from one of the following options: '**C** = **Confirmed PDR**', '**N** = **No PDR**', '**P** = **Possible PDR**' to indicate whether pandrug resistance was determined.

Once you have completed all the required fields on the screen. Click Save. If all the relevant mandatory fields for saving have been completed and validation rules have been met, after clicking 'OK' to the pop-up confirming intention to move to next tab (<u>Figure 45</u>), the page should update with a message to confirm that the response has been saved successfully.

About the UK Health Security Agency

The UK Health Security Agency is an executive agency, sponsored by the <u>Department</u> of <u>Health and Social Care</u>.

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